

A VERY DIZZY STORY.

This Government Said to Have an Agent in Italy

BUYING UP THE FAMILIES

**Of the Men Lynched in New Orleans
Probably a First-Class Fake—A
Sicilian Dispatch to a Promi-
nent Italian Newspaper.**

Rome, April 29.—L'Opinione to-day publishes a dispatch which it received from Palermo, and which contains the information that an American journalist named Englemann, who has arrived in that city, has been delegated by the government of the United States to render assistance to the families of the Italian subjects who were lynched in New Orleans. The correspondent of L'Opinione asserts that he has seen Englemann, and that it is stated that Englemann has paid a visit to the village of Acciano for the purpose of giving help to the family of Monasterio, one of the lynched men, who resided at that place.

IMBRIANI AGAIN.
The Man Who Precipitated Cripps's Fall
Again Jumps on the Government.
Rome, April 29.—Signor Imbriani, in
the Chamber of Deputies to-day, speak-
ing on the African question, charged the
Italian government with permitting the
slave trade to be carried on openly.
Signor Imbriani also made the assertion
that, before the young girls, who had
been taken from their parents, were ar-
rived at the pretext of recruiting them from
everywhere, had been distributed among a
lot of Italian army officers, serving with
the Italian troops in Africa.
The Marquis di Rudini, replying for
the Italian government, protested
against such accusations being made
and said that the truth of their truth
having been first obtained.
A loudist cried out "it is a lie." "with
reason," the Minister of War declared
and the Minister of the Interior de-
clared the charge was unwarranted. He
said the charge was withdrawn.

A prolonged uproar, during which the president and several members were witness- ed, followed. The speaker, however, was not in- terfered with and announced the suspension of the Minister of War. The president of the chamber was unable to control the excited "Doppi" and was obliged to call for the suspension of the sitting.

Signor Imbriani is the same Deputy who, on March 3-in the House, while discussing the law on the lazzaretti, said that he regretted that some members had accepted money to defend certain candidates before the committee. He said that he was not at all the most exciting scene and uproar fol- lowed, but Signor Imbriani refused to in- terrupt his remarks. On March 12 fol- lowing, he was again the cause of a more serious disturbance. He re- sulted to Signor Crispi: "You are a traitor to Austria," to which Crispi re- plied: "I am a traitor to good friends, to my conscience, and to my country."

Signor Imbriani then retorted: "You are the servant of Austria."

intended for Signor Imbriani. The latter called upon him to withdraw his hand from the pocket, and told him while he held the position of a minister of the State, he had been forced to endure the annoyances of Signor Imbriani. The latter replied that he had no intention of doing so, as I am only a deputy, and in my pocket I have a revolver. If Signor Imbriani annoys me, let him beware."

A ROTT PEARED.

Lonely Outlook in Paris—Dangier, an Anarchist Outbreak.

PANU, April 23.—A most serious feeling of alarm prevails in official circles in Paris, on account of an anarchist outbreak on the first of May. As a result the military and police authorities have taken, and are taking the most extreme measures to prevent any such disorder. Several violent anarchist manifestoes, intended to incite the soldiers composing the garrison of Paris to revolt, have been distributed.

They were circulated by agents of the anarchists. Several of these incendiary pamphlets are in the possession of the police. The police are searching for the residences of the anarchist leaders.

It is announced that from to-day until the 15th of November no soldiers were allowed from their barracks except on guard duty, or to bring in supplies of provisions, etc. Even the officers are confined to the barracks. To each soldier is assigned one or two hundred rounds of ball cartridges have been distributed.

A Whole Family Terrified.

At Pastu, April 23, a terrible tragedy, in which a whole family lost their lives, happened in this city to-day. A man employed in the postoffice here was seized with a homicidal frenzy and fatally attacked all the members of his family.

ork until he had murdered his wife, and her in-law and three children. The assassin was a man of 40, a German, and upon reaching the river, the assassin jumped to the water and put an end to his own existence.

Germany Will be Here.

BERLIN, April 29.—The Bundesrat has agreed to the government's proposition submitted to that body Saturday last authorizing the acceptance of the United States' invitation to take part in the Chicago Exposition of 1893, and providing for the appointment of an Imperial Commissioner to supervise the German exhibition and for the effective organization of the German department of the fair.

May Day Preparations in Paris.

PARIS, April 29.—The programme for May day is placarded throughout the

Provincial deputations will accompany the workmen in their procession to the chambers in the afternoon to present their demands. The government is preparing strong measures to preserve order.

Distinguished Mexican Dead.
CITY OF MEXICO, April 29.—General Ignacio Mejia, ex-Minister of War, and member of the Pan American Congress, is dead.

Roman Priests Strike.
ROME, April 29.—The printers of Rome have struck. None of the papers will be published on Thursday.

New Gun Cotton Mill.
NEWPORT, R. I., April 29.—It is learned that the corporation that a plant for the manufacture of gun cotton with probably soon be established in Central Massachusetts or the interior somewhere. This is not to supersede the plant at

DIED.
CHARNOCK—**CHARLIE M.**, infant son of Frank and Mattie Charnock, aged 14 months and 11 days, at the residence of his grandmother, Mrs. S. E. Charnock, 1897 Jacob street.